

Nutrient measurements from Niskin bottle samples from R/V Oceanus OC404-01, OC404-04, OC415-01, OC415-03 in the Sargasso Sea from 2004-2005 (EDDIES project)

Website: <https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/3052>

Data Type: Cruise Results

Version: 1

Version Date: 2007-10-04

Project

» [Eddies Dynamics, Mixing, Export, and Species composition](#) (EDDIES)

Program

» [Ocean Carbon and Biogeochemistry](#) (OCB)

Contributors	Affiliation	Role
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Abstract

Nutrient measurements from Niskin bottle samples from R/V Oceanus OC404-01, OC404-04, OC415-01, OC415-03 in the Sargasso Sea from 2004-2005.

Table of Contents

- [Dataset Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Instruments](#)
- [Deployments](#)
- [Project Information](#)
- [Program Information](#)
- [Funding](#)

Dataset Description

PI: Dennis McGillicuddy
of: Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution (WHOI)
dataset: Nutrient measurements from Niskin bottle samples
platform: R/V Oceanus

Methodology: analyses performed by Paul Henderson (phenderson@whoi.edu) at WHOI Nutrients Facility; for sampling methodology, please refer to U.S. JGOFS BATS Method Manual Version 4 (1997). Bermuda Atlantic Time-Series Study April 1997. Anthony H. Knap, Anthony F. Michaels et al., 136 pp. (link to [BATS Method Manual version 4](#) local copy)

OCB DMO note: matched station number in cruise event log to add sampling location, date and time

[[table of contents](#) | [back to top](#)]

Parameters

Parameter	Description	Units
sta	station number	dimensionless
SID_Nis	Niskin ID# (#&&&\$\$\$@@ where # is leg#, &&&=cruise #, \$\$\$=ctd cast # and @@=niskin number)	dimensionless
SID_nuts	sample number	dimensionless
depth_n	depth, nominal	meters
press	pressure	decibars
SiO4	Silicate	micromoles/liter
PO4	Phosphate	micromoles/liter
NO3_NO2	Nitrate + Nitrite	micromoles/liter
NO2	Nitrite	micromoles/liter
event	unique sampling event number composite of GMT date and time	YYYYMMDDhhmm
date	start date of event (GMT)	YYYYMMDD
time	start time of event (GMT)	hhmm
lon	longitude, negative denotes West	decimal degrees
lat	latitude, negative denotes South	decimal degrees

[[table of contents](#) | [back to top](#)]

Instruments

Dataset-specific Instrument Name	Niskin Bottle
Generic Instrument Name	Niskin bottle
Generic Instrument Description	A Niskin bottle (a next generation water sampler based on the Nansen bottle) is a cylindrical, non-metallic water collection device with stoppers at both ends. The bottles can be attached individually on a hydrowire or deployed in 12, 24, or 36 bottle Rosette systems mounted on a frame and combined with a CTD. Niskin bottles are used to collect discrete water samples for a range of measurements including pigments, nutrients, plankton, etc.

[[table of contents](#) | [back to top](#)]

Deployments

OC404-01

Website	https://www.bco-dmo.org/deployment/57956
Platform	R/V Oceanus
Report	http://ocb.whoi.edu/EDDIES/CRUISES/2004/OC404-1_Draft_Cruise_Report.pdf
Start Date	2004-06-11
End Date	2004-07-03
Description	<p>EDDIES 2004 Survey 1 cruise Funded by: NSF OCE-0241310 Original cruise data are available from the NSF R2R data catalog (Cruise DOI: 10.7284/900337)</p> <p>Methods & Sampling PI: Dennis McGillicuddy of: Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution (WHOI) dataset: Nutrient measurements from Niskin bottle samples dates: 12 June 2004 to 02 July 2004 (20040612-20040702) location: N: 37.934 S: 29.777 W: -68.703 E: -58.754 project/cruise: EDDIES/OC404-1 2004 Survey 1 platform: R/V Oceanus Methodology: analyses performed by Paul Henderson (phenderson@whoi.edu) at WHOI Nutrients Facility; for sampling methodology, please refer to U.S. JGOFS BATS Method Manual Version 4 (1997). Bermuda Atlantic Time-Series Study April 1997. Anthony H. Knap, Anthony F. Michaels et al., 136 pp. (link to BATS Method Manual version 4 local copy) Change history: YMMDD 060313: downloaded oc404_1_nuts.dat from EDDIES data Web site; added to OCB database by Cyndy Chandler, OCB DMO 071004: downloaded oc404_1_nuts_final.txt from EDDIES data Web site and prepared for OCB 090420: add event number from cruise event log OCB DMO note: match station number in cruise event log to determine sampling location, date and time Analysis Note: files listing those data that were rerun: oc404-1 Nitrate oc404-1 Phosphate oc404-1 Silicate</p>

OC404-04

Website	https://www.bco-dmo.org/deployment/57961
Platform	R/V Oceanus
Report	http://ocb.whoi.edu/EDDIES/CRUISES/2004/OC404-4_Draft_Cruise_Report.pdf
Start Date	2004-07-25
End Date	2004-08-12
Description	<p>EDDIES project 2004 Survey 2 cruise Funded by: NSF OCE-0241310 Original cruise data are available from the NSF R2R data catalog</p> <p>Methods & Sampling PI: Dennis McGillicuddy of: Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution (WHOI) dataset: Nutrient measurements from Niskin bottle samples dates: 26 July 2004 to 11 August 2004 (20040726-20040811) location: N: 31.942 S: 29.958 W: -66.603 E: -59.450 project/cruise: EDDIES/OC404-4 2004 Survey 2 platform: R/V Oceanus Methodology: analyses performed by Paul Henderson (phenderson@whoi.edu) at WHOI Nutrients Facility; for sampling methodology, please refer to U.S. JGOFS BATS Method Manual Version 4 (1997). Bermuda Atlantic Time-Series Study April 1997. Anthony H. Knap, Anthony F. Michaels et al., 136 pp. (link to BATS Method Manual version 4 local copy) Change history: YMMDD 060314: downloaded oc404_4_nuts.dat from EDDIES data Web site; added to OCB database by Cyndy Chandler, OCB DMO; 071004: downloaded oc404_4_nuts_final.txt from EDDIES data Web site and prepared for OCB database 071010: corrected column label for Nitrite (NO2) data; had been incorrectly named Ammonium (NH4); confirmed this with Paul Henderson (WHOI Nutrients Facility) 090420: add event number from cruise event log OCB DMO note: match station number in cruise event log to determine sampling location, date and time Analysis Note: file listing all samples rerun: oc404-4 Nutrient reruns Samples that have a value of 0 are below detection limit (BDL). Some of the Phosphate samples from 550 to 650 seem high.</p>

OC415-01

Website	https://www.bco-dmo.org/deployment/57962
Platform	R/V Oceanus
Report	http://ocb.whoi.edu/EDDIES/CRUISES/2005/OC415_Draft_Cruise_Report_050722.pdf
Start Date	2005-06-20
End Date	2005-07-15
Description	<p>EDDIES project 2005 Survey 1 cruise Funded by: NSF OCE-0241310 Original cruise data are available from the NSF R2R data catalog</p> <p>Methods & Sampling PI: Dennis McGillicuddy of: Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution (WHOI) dataset: Nutrient measurements from Niskin bottle samples dates: 20 June 2005 to 14 July 2005 (20050620-20050714) location: N: 40.753 S: 28.733 W: -70.546 E: -61.920 project/cruise: EDDIES/OC415-1 2005 Survey 1 platform: R/V Oceanus Methodology: analyses performed by Paul Henderson (phenderson@whoi.edu) at WHOI Nutrients Facility; for sampling methodology, please refer to U.S. JGOFS BATS Method Manual Version 4 (1997). Bermuda Atlantic Time-Series Study April 1997. Anthony H. Knap, Anthony F. Michaels et al., 136 pp. (link to BATS Method Manual version 4 local copy) Change history: YMMDD 071004: downloaded oc415_1_nuts.dat from EDDIES data Web site and prepared for OCB OCB DMO note: sampling location, date and time are taken from cruise event log; nominal depth added by DMO</p>

OC415-03

Website	https://www.bco-dmo.org/deployment/57965
Platform	R/V Oceanus
Report	http://ocb.whoi.edu/EDDIES/CRUISES/2005/OC415-3_CrRptDraft_091405.pdf
Start Date	2005-08-07
End Date	2005-08-26
Description	<p>EDDIES project 2005 Survey 2 cruise Funded by: NSF OCE-0241310 Original cruise data are available from the NSF R2R data catalog</p> <p>Methods & Sampling PI: Dennis McGillicuddy of: Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution (WHOI) dataset: Nutrient measurements from Niskin bottle samples dates: 09 August 2005 to 25 August 2005 (20050809 - 20050825) location: N: 33.064 S: 29.279 W: -69.409 E: -63.165 project/cruise: EDDIES/OC415-3 2005 Survey 2 platform: R/V Oceanus Methodology: analyses performed by Paul Henderson (phenderson@whoi.edu) at WHOI Nutrients Facility; for sampling methodology, please refer to U.S. JGOFS BATS Method Manual Version 4 (1997). Bermuda Atlantic Time-Series Study April 1997. Anthony H. Knap, Anthony F. Michaels et al., 136 pp. (link to BATS Method Manual version 4 local copy) Change history: YMMDD 071004: downloaded oc415_3_nuts.dat from EDDIES data Web site and prepared for OCB OCB DMO note: sampling location, date and time are taken from cruise event log; nominal depth added by DMO</p>

[[table of contents](#) | [back to top](#)]

Project Information

Eddies Dynamics, Mixing, Export, and Species composition (EDDIES)

Website: http://science.whoi.edu/users/olga/eddies/EDDIES_Project.html

Coverage: Sargasso Sea

The original title of this project from the NSF award is: Collaborative Research: Impacts of Eddies and Mixing on Plankton Community Structure and Biogeochemical Cycling in the Sargasso Sea".

Prior results have documented eddy-driven transport of nutrients into the euphotic zone and the associated accumulation of chlorophyll. However, several key aspects of mesoscale upwelling events remain unresolved by the extant database, including: (1) phytoplankton physiological response, (2) changes in community structure, (3) impact on export out of the euphotic zone, (4) rates of mixing between the surface mixed layer and the base of the euphotic zone, and (5) implications for biogeochemistry and differential cycling of carbon and associated bioactive elements. This leads to the following hypotheses concerning the complex, non-linear biological regulation of elemental cycling in the ocean:

H1: Eddy-induced upwelling, in combination with diapycnal mixing in the upper ocean, introduces new nutrients into the euphotic zone.

H2: The increase in inorganic nutrients stimulates a physiological response within the phytoplankton community.

H3: Differing physiological responses of the various species bring about a shift in community structure.

H4: Changes in community structure lead to increases in export from, and changes in biogeochemical cycling within, the upper ocean.

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[[table of contents](#) | [back to top](#)]

Program Information

Ocean Carbon and Biogeochemistry (OCB)

Website: <http://us-ocb.org/>

Coverage: Global

The Ocean Carbon and Biogeochemistry (OCB) program focuses on the ocean's role as a component of the global Earth system, bringing together research in geochemistry, ocean physics, and ecology that inform on and advance our understanding of ocean biogeochemistry. The overall program goals are to promote, plan, and coordinate collaborative, multidisciplinary research opportunities within the U.S. research community and with international partners. Important OCB-related activities currently include: the Ocean Carbon and Climate Change (OCCC) and the North American Carbon Program (NACP); U.S. contributions to IMBER, SOLAS, CARBOOCEAN; and numerous U.S. single-investigator and medium-size research projects funded by U.S. federal agencies including NASA, NOAA, and NSF.

The scientific mission of OCB is to study the evolving role of the ocean in the global carbon cycle, in the face of environmental variability and change through studies of marine biogeochemical cycles and associated ecosystems.

The overarching OCB science themes include improved understanding and prediction of: 1) oceanic uptake and release of atmospheric CO₂ and other greenhouse gases and 2) environmental sensitivities of biogeochemical cycles, marine ecosystems, and interactions between the two.

The OCB Research Priorities (updated January 2012) include: ocean acidification; terrestrial/coastal carbon fluxes and exchanges; climate sensitivities of and change in ecosystem structure and associated impacts on biogeochemical cycles; mesopelagic ecological and biogeochemical interactions; benthic-pelagic feedbacks on biogeochemical cycles; ocean carbon uptake and storage; and expanding low-oxygen conditions in the coastal and open oceans.

[[table of contents](#) | [back to top](#)]

Funding

Funding Source	Award
NSF Division of Ocean Sciences (NSF OCE)	OCE-0241310

[[table of contents](#) | [back to top](#)]