

CTD station locations from R/V New Horizon NH1008 from the Monterey Bay, near MBARI buoy M1 (36.747°N, 122.022°W); 2010 (GATEKEEPERS project)

Website: <https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/3710>

Version: 05 September 2012

Version Date: 2012-09-05

Project

» [Zooplankton feeding at the base of the particle maximum: Gatekeepers of the Vertical Flux?](#) (GATEKEEPERS)

Contributors	Affiliation	Role
Checkley, David M.	University of California-San Diego (UCSD-SIO)	Principal Investigator, Contact
Dagg, Michael	Louisiana Universities Marine Consortium (LUMCON)	Co-Principal Investigator
Jackson, George A.	Texas A&M University (TAMU)	Co-Principal Investigator
Gegg, Stephen R.	Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution (WHOI BCO-DMO)	BCO-DMO Data Manager

Table of Contents

- [Dataset Description](#)
 - [Methods & Sampling](#)
 - [Data Processing Description](#)
- [Data Files](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Instruments](#)
- [Deployments](#)
- [Project Information](#)
- [Funding](#)

Dataset Description

Station Id, Date, Time, Lat, Lon and Depth of CTD Stations

Methods & Sampling

Generated from CTD Profile Casts header data (CTD/binned_downcast/XXXhdr.txt files)

Data Processing Description

BCO-DMO Processing/Edits

- Generated from CTD Profile Casts header data (CTD/binned_downcast/XXXhdr.txt files) contributed by Jessica Forrest-Baldini
- Date reformatted to YYYYMMDD
- Time reformatted to HHMMSS
- ISO DateTime format generated
- Max depth of cast extracted from XXXasc.txt profile files

[[table of contents](#) | [back to top](#)]

Data Files

File
CTD_Stations.csv (Comma Separated Values (.csv), 3.38 KB) MD5:813ff107447009a8b67d5cd5a83f4d72
Primary data file for dataset ID 3710

[[table of contents](#) | [back to top](#)]

Parameters

Parameter	Description	Units
CTD_Cast	CTD Cast Number/Id	Dimensionless
ISO_DateTime_UTC	CTD Date/Time from Header File (UTC) ISO formatted	YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS.xxZ
Date	CTD Date from Header File (UTC)	YYYYMMDD
Time	CTD Time from Header File (UTC)	HHMMSS
Latitude	CTD Latitude from Header File (South is negative)	decimal degrees
Longitude	CTD Longitude from Header File (West is negative)	decimal degrees
Depth	CTD Max depth	meters

[[table of contents](#) | [back to top](#)]

Instruments

Dataset-specific Instrument Name	CTD Sea-Bird SBE 911plus
Generic Instrument Name	CTD Sea-Bird SBE 911plus
Generic Instrument Description	The Sea-Bird SBE 911 plus is a type of CTD instrument package for continuous measurement of conductivity, temperature and pressure. The SBE 911 plus includes the SBE 9plus Underwater Unit and the SBE 11plus Deck Unit (for real-time readout using conductive wire) for deployment from a vessel. The combination of the SBE 9 plus and SBE 11 plus is called a SBE 911 plus. The SBE 9 plus uses Sea-Bird's standard modular temperature and conductivity sensors (SBE 3 plus and SBE 4). The SBE 9 plus CTD can be configured with up to eight auxiliary sensors to measure other parameters including dissolved oxygen, pH, turbidity, fluorescence, light (PAR), light transmission, etc.). more information from Sea-Bird Electronics

[[table of contents](#) | [back to top](#)]

Deployments

NH1008

Website	https://www.bco-dmo.org/deployment/58852
Platform	R/V New Horizon
Report	http://bcodata.whoi.edu/GATEKEEPERS/cruise_plan_checkley_nh_8_25_jul_10_v3.pdf
Start Date	2010-07-08
End Date	2010-07-25
Description	Collaborative Research: Zooplankton at the Base of the Particle Maximum: Gatekeepers of the Vertical Flux?: Deployment and recovery of SOLOPCs in Monterey Bay, plus CTD and MOCNESS deployments in Monterey Bay Cruise information and original data are available from the NSF R2R data catalog. Figure 1. R/V New Horizon Cruise NH1008 GATEKEEPERS [click on the image to view a larger version]

[[table of contents](#) | [back to top](#)]

Project Information

Zooplankton feeding at the base of the particle maximum: Gatekeepers of the Vertical Flux? (GATEKEEPERS)

Website: <http://iod.ucsd.edu/gatekeeper/>

Coverage: Monterey Bay, CA and waters offshore

Zooplankton feeding at the base of the particle maximum: Gatekeepers of the Vertical Flux?

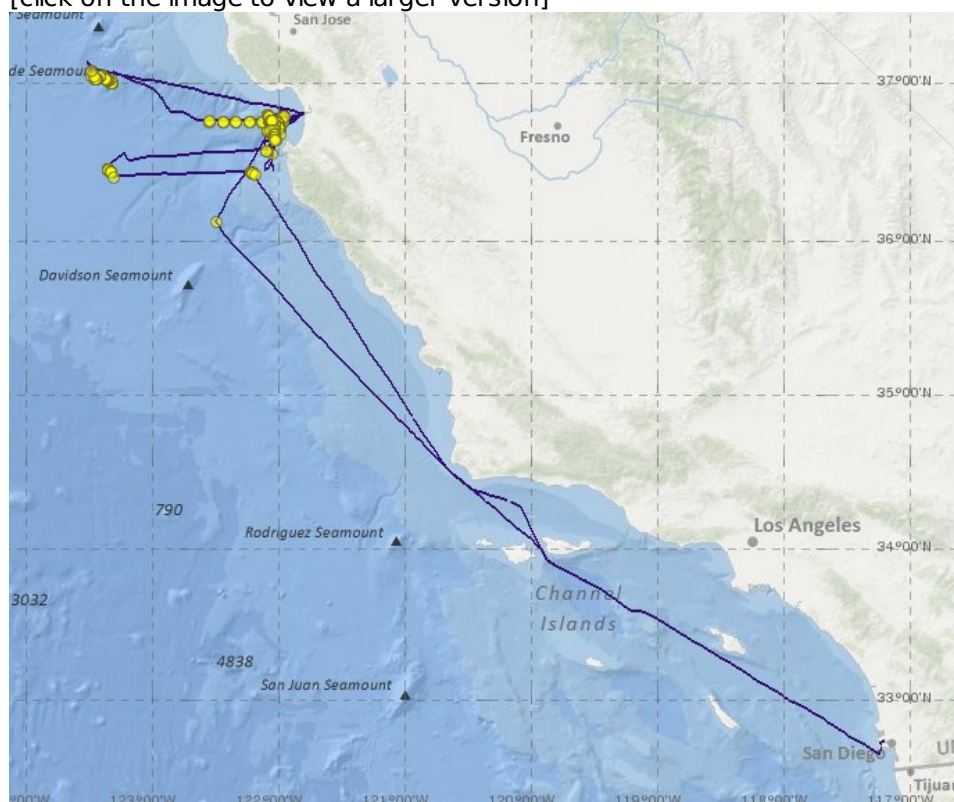
A range of observations suggest that zooplankton act as gatekeepers for material leaving the euphotic zone. This study will investigate the interactions of zooplankton with other particles using a suite of autonomous and tethered instruments in conjunction with finescale water sampling. The SOLOPC (Sounding Oceanographic Observer with Laser Optical Plankton Counter) will be the autonomous instrument and provide hourly profiles of zooplankton and other particles. Previous sampling with the SOLOPC indicated a diel cycle of production and abundance of particles in the euphotic zone and their sinking and consumption, presumably by zooplankton observed at the base of the particle abundance maximum. The SOLOPC senses particles, including zooplankton and aggregates, and measures their equivalent spherical diameters which can be used to compute particle size spectra. However, it is difficult to use the SOLOPC to distinguish among particle types, such as copepods, larvaceans, and aggregates, particularly if they are small. The research will include an intensive field study that will take place in Monterey Bay and use adaptive sampling to observe near SOLOPCs with a new, AUV-borne imaging system, ship-based CTD and MOCNESS sampling, and MBARI's ROV Ventana. The investigators will alter a SOLOPC to be stationary relative to an isopycnal and use the particle counts that it accumulates to calculate a flux spectrum. They will combine the flux and concentration spectra to estimate particle sinking velocities as a function of particle diameter. Zooplankton feeding in the water column will be estimated by analyzing the gut fluorescence of animals caught in zooplankton nets and by counting the distribution of fecal pellets in water samples. Results will enhance the understanding of the role of the zooplankton as gatekeepers in the vertical flux of particles and, hence, the biological pump. The study will also provide new insight into factors that affect zooplankton behavior and ecology.

Collaborating institutions include SIO, TAMU, LUMCON, MBARI, BIO, and Université Paris VI. The SOLOPC, modified to measure flux as well as profile, and REFLICS are intended for acquisition and use by other researchers worldwide. The understanding we gain of role of the zooplankton as gatekeepers of the vertical flux will contribute valuably to understanding of the biological pump and the carbon cycle.

PUBLICATIONS PRODUCED AS A RESULT OF THIS RESEARCH

Jackson, GA and DM Checkley Jr. "Particle size distributions in the upper 100 m water column and their implications for animal feeding in the plankton," *Deep-Sea Research*, 2011.

Figure 1. R/V New Horizon Cruise NH1008 GATEKEEPERS
[click on the image to view a larger version]



[[table of contents](#) | [back to top](#)]

Funding

Funding Source	Award
NSF Division of Ocean Sciences (NSF OCE)	OCE-0927863
NSF Division of Ocean Sciences (NSF OCE)	OCE-0928139
NSF Division of Ocean Sciences (NSF OCE)	OCE-0928425

[[table of contents](#) | [back to top](#)]