# Simulations and Scripts to perform Hierarchical Approximate Bayesian Computation analysis (HABC) (Multispecies Connectivity project)

Website: https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/699774 Data Type: model results Version: 1 Version Date: 2017-05-08

#### Project

» <u>Multispecies connectivity: Comparative analysis of marine connectivity and its drivers for the coral reefs of</u> <u>Hawaii</u> (Multispecies Connectivity)

Contributors	Affiliation	Role
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#### Abstract

Simulations and Scripts to perform Hierarchical Approximate Bayesian Computation analysis (HABC) (Multispecies Connectivity project).

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# Coverage

Spatial Extent: Lat:21.428 Lon:-157.792

# **Dataset Description**

This dataset includes raw data for model simulations and scripts for analyzing the data and products of a Hierarchical Approximate Bayesian Computation analysis.

\* Download the associated files (12.4 GB): <u>http://dmoserv3.bco-</u>

dmo.org/data/toonen/Multispecies\_Connectivity/Toonen\_et\_al\_OCE-1260169\_Data\_Submission\_2017-05-04.zip

#### Methods & Sampling

hBayeSSC download available here: https://github.com/UH-Bioinformatics/hBayeSSC

hBayeSSC is a Python script that wraps around Serial SimCoal in order to simulate a multi-taxa community

undergoing a coordinated demographic expansion.

#### **Requirements:**

The applications required to produce a set of simulations with multitaxa summary statistics for the hABC analysis described in Chan et al. 2014:

- BayeSSC - Serial Simcoal

 $- \frac{Python 2.x}{2} >= 2.4$ 

- hBayeSSC.py

- <u>msReject</u>

#### Input files

The input files needed to produce a set of simulations with multitaxa summary statistics for the hABC analysis described in Chan et al. 2014:

- A table of observed summary statistics for each taxon in the community. (details)

- An input par file for serial simcoal. (details)

#### **Observation summary statistics:**

Sample observation file:

The table of observed summary statistics consists of columns with the following header names. hBayeSSC replaces the appropriate line in the par file with these values: Column name = Descriptionspecies = Name of taxansam = number of samples to be simulated nsites = Number of base pairs tstv = % transitions gamma = Gamma shape parameter gen = Numbers of years per generation locuslow = Low estimate of the locus mutation rate per generation locushigh = High estimate of the locus mutation rate per generation Nelow = Low estimate for effective population size Nehigh = High estimate for effective population size SegSites = Segregating sites nucdiv = Nucleotide diversitv Haptypes = Number of haplotypes HapDiver = Haplotypic diversity TajimasD = Tajima's D  $F^* = Fu's F$ A more complete description of these values can be found on the BayeSSC website.

#### par file

#### Sample .par file

The par file contains one prior which is not individually replaced, such as expansion magnitude (under historical events) and will apply to all populations.

Then we use the following R-script and abc.R to do the final 1,000 acceptance and parameter estimation using local linear regression.

BayeSSC (Bayesian Serial SimCoal)<u>http://web.stanford.edu/group/hadlylab/ssc/</u>

#### **Data Processing Description**

Data was processed using R-3.2.1.

**BCO-DMO Processing Notes:** 

Compressed submitted files into a .zip file.

# Data Files

File
NWHI_HABC_Simulations.csv(Comma Separated Values (.csv), 218 bytes) MD5:bf755a4b61a9fffaa9bafa15248104c4
Primary data file for dataset ID 699774

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# **Related Publications**

Burbrink, F. T., Chan, Y. L., Myers, E. A., Ruane, S., Smith, B. T., & Hickerson, M. J. (2016). Asynchronous demographic responses to Pleistocene climate change in Eastern Nearctic vertebrates. Ecology Letters, 19(12), 1457–1467. doi:<u>10.1111/ele.12695</u> *General* 

Chan, Y. L., Schanzenbach, D., & Hickerson, M. J. (2014). Detecting Concerted Demographic Response across Community Assemblages Using Hierarchical Approximate Bayesian Computation. Molecular Biology and Evolution, 31(9), 2501–2515. doi:<u>10.1093/molbev/msu187</u> *Methods* 

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### Parameters

Parameter	Description	Units
description	name of dataset download	unitless
link	download link for zipped scripts and simulations to perform HABC analysis	unitless

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### Deployments

#### Chan\_model

Website	https://www.bco-dmo.org/deployment/699787	
Platform	UHawaii_HIMB	
Start Date	2013-03-01	
Description	Modeling of Hawaiian coral reef taxa	

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# **Project Information**

Multispecies connectivity: Comparative analysis of marine connectivity and its drivers for the coral reefs of Hawaii (Multispecies Connectivity)

**Coverage**: Hawaiian Archipelago (approx. 154 deg 40' to 178 deg 25' W longitude and 18 deg 54' to 28 deg 15' N latitude)

#### Description from NSF award abstract:

The exchange of individuals among populations, termed connectivity, is a central element of population persistence and maintenance of genetic diversity, and influences most ecological and evolutionary processes. To date, field studies of marine connectivity have necessarily focused on one or a few species at a time, providing little understanding of both the extent of variability in connectivity across a whole community and what factors drive that variability. This project will address these questions with population genetic datasets of a diverse marine fauna sampled across the Hawaiian Archipelago. By combining these genetic data with extensive oceanographic, ecological and historical data, this project can potentially transform our understanding of the basis of the genetic structure of populations and the processes influencing genetic patterns. This project will provide unique, and new, knowledge to basic marine ecology and the science of Ecosystem Based Management while incorporating the latest analytical and simulation approaches.

The results will be novel on several fronts: 1) advancing our understanding of community genetics and associated statistical techniques; 2) achieving true integration of genetic, ecological and oceanographic data over large spatial scales for many species simultaneously using a World Heritage Site; the Hawaiian Papahânaumokuâkea Marine National Monument; 3) factoring historical effects into connectivity studies; and 4) providing information on the location of barriers to connectivity, the sources and sinks of individuals and the physical processes influencing ecological patterns at a community level. This project will result in a quantum leap for both the conceptual and empirical understanding of marine connectivity and the utility of population genetic data in basic and applied marine science.

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## Funding

Funding Source	Award	
NSF Division of Ocean Sciences (NSF OCE)	OCE-1260169	

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