## Wet weight of females and the number of egg capsules from the same individual at Moorea, French Polynesia from April to September 2008 (Vermetids Corals project)

Website: https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/724569

**Data Type**: Other Field Results **Version**: 2017-10-05

#### Project

» Spatial patterns of coral-vermetid interactions: short-term effects and long-term consequences (Vermetids\_Corals)

Contributors	Affiliation	Role
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#### Coverage

Spatial Extent: N:-17.47279 E:-149.78277 S:-17.48365 W:-149.84698

Temporal Extent: 2008-04-01 - 2008-09-30

#### **Dataset Description**

These data include information on the reproductive biology and ecology of Ceraesignum (formerly Dendropoma) maximum.

### Related Datasets:

- Reef Locations: https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/645257
- Phillips and Shima 2010 Brooding and Size: <a href="https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/722287">https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/722287</a>
  Phillips and Shima 2010 Development Stage Capsule: <a href="https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/722344">https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/722344</a>
  Phillips and Shima 2010 Egg Number and Female Size: <a href="https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/724569">https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/724569</a> (The current page)
- Phillips and Shima 2010 Larvae per Capsule: https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/724586
- Phillips and Shima 2010 Size and Sex: https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/724601

# Methods & Sampling

Individual Dendropoma (now Ceraesignum) maximum were collected haphazardly from seven sites in April and September 2008. Snails were removed with their shells intact using a chisel and hammer. In the lab the diameter of the opening of the shell was measured in samples from April. Snails were removed from the shell, and sex, length and wet mass were determined. Sex was determined by the presence of a mantle slit and appearance of gonads in females. For brooding females, the number of egg capsules were recorded.

#### **Data Processing Description**

# **BCO-DMO Processing:**

- · added conventional header with dataset name, PI name, version date
- modified parameter names to conform with BCO-DMO naming conventions
- empty values were replaced with 'nd' (no data).

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#### **Data Files**

 $\textbf{PhillipsShima\_2010\_EggNumberAndFemaleSize.csv} (\texttt{Comma Separated Values (.csv), 695 bytes)}$ 

Primary data file for dataset ID 724569

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#### **Related Publications**

Phillips, N. E., & Shima, J. S. (2009). Reproduction of the vermetid gastropod Dendropoma maximum (Sowerby, 1825) in Moorea, French Polynesia. Journal of Molluscan Studies, 76(2), 133-137. doi:10.1093/mollus/eyp049

Shima, J. S. 1999a. An evaluation of the processes that influence variability in abundance of a coral reef fish. Dissertation. University of California-Santa Barbara, California, USA. https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Jeffrey\_Shima/publication/235678400\_An\_evaluation\_of\_processes\_that\_influence\_variability\_in\_abundance\_of\_a\_coral\_reef\_fish/links/5701922708a evaluation-of-processes-that-influence-variability-in-abunda

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Parameter	Description	Units
FEMALE_WEIGHT	Blotted wet mass of females	grams (g)
number_EGG_CAPSULES	count of the number of egg capsules for individual snail	unitless

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#### Instruments

Dataset-specific Instrument Name	length was determined
Generic Instrument Name	Measuring Tape
Dataset-specific Description	In the lab the diameter of the opening of the shell was measured in samples from April.
Generic Instrument Description	A tape measure or measuring tape is a flexible ruler. It consists of a ribbon of cloth, plastic, fibre glass, or metal strip with linear-measurement markings. It is a common tool for measuring distance or length.

Dataset-specific Instrument Name	balance	
Generic Instrument Name	scale	
Dataset-specific Description	Snails were removed from the shell, and sex, length and wet mass were determined.	
Generic Instrument Description	An instrument used to measure weight or mass.	

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### **Deployments**

Osenberg\_et\_al\_Moorea

Website	Website https://www.bco-dmo.org/deployment/6447	
Platform	Osenberg et al Moorea	
Start Date	2003-05-19	
End Date	2015-07-12	

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#### **Project Information**

Spatial patterns of coral-vermetid interactions: short-term effects and long-term consequences (Vermetids\_Corals)

Coverage: Moorea, French Polynesia (-17.48 degrees S, -149.82 degrees W)

# Description from NSF abstract:

Ecological surprises are most likely to be manifest in diverse communities where many interactions remain uninvestigated. Coral reefs harbor much of the world's biodiversity, and recent studies by the investigators suggest that one overlooked, but potentially important, biological interaction involves vermetid gastropods. Vermetid gastropods are nonmobile, tube-building snails that feed via an extensive mucus net. Vermetids reduce coral growth by up to 80%, and coral survival by as much as 60%. Because effects vary among coral taxa, vermetids may substantially alter the structure of coral communities as well as the community of fishes and invertebrates that inhabit the coral reefs.

The investigators will conduct a suite of experimental and observational studies that: 1) quantify the effects of four species of vermetids across coral species to assess if species effects and responses are concordant or idiosyncratic; 2) use meta-analysis to compare effects of vermetids relative to other coral stressors and determine the factors that influence variation in coral responses; 3) determine the role of coral commensals that inhabit the branching coral, Pocillopora, and evaluate how the development of the commensal assemblage modifies the deleterious effects of vermetids; 4) determine how vermetid mucus nets affect the local environment of corals and evaluate several hypotheses about proposed mechanisms; and 5) assess the long-term implications of vermetids on coral communities and the fishes and invertebrates that depend on the coral.

**Note:** The Principal Investigator, Dr. Craig W. Osenberg, was at the University of Florida at the time the NSF award was granted. Dr. Osenberg moved to the University of Georgia during the summer of 2014 (<u>current contact information</u>).

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## Funding

Funding Source	Award
NSF Division of Ocean Sciences (NSF OCE)	OCE-1130359

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